How many Floridians with disabilities are working?
There are many different ways to answer this question. **Indicator 14: Post-School Outcomes** measures the percent of youth with disabilities who are no longer in high school, had Individualized Education Plans or IEPs when they left school, and were enrolled in higher education or working in the community within one year of leaving high school.

The chart below shows this data for Florida in 2017, the most recent year available.

What does this data tell us, and why is it important?
In 2017, 59% of people with disabilities in Florida were working or enrolled in college one year after graduating from high school. This is a little more than one half, or one out of every two, Floridians with disabilities who graduated high school. This number has been getting higher since 2010.

Florida is an Employment First State. This means the state has a policy that employment should be the first option considered for adults with disabilities. Many groups are working together to help more people in Florida get jobs.

You can learn more about Employment First Florida here: [www.employmentfirstfl.org/](http://www.employmentfirstfl.org/)

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The Institute for Community Inclusion at the University of Massachusetts Boston is working with the Florida Developmental Disabilities Council and other state agencies to make “Employment First” happen in Florida.

For more information about Employment First Florida, please visit the website [www.EmploymentFirstFL.org/](http://www.EmploymentFirstFL.org/)

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Sources: [https://osep.grads360.org/#report/apr/2017B/Indicator14/CurrentData?state=FL&ispublic=true](https://osep.grads360.org/#report/apr/2017B/Indicator14/CurrentData?state=FL&ispublic=true)